

P802.1Qca – D0.3 Editor's Report

Comment Resolution for TG Ballot

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Outline



- › Statistics
- › Time synchronization
- › Scheduling
- › Reservation
- › Conformance
- › PCE vs LSP refresh
- › Link attributes and constraints
- › Paths and trees
 - Description, direction, congruency
- › VID ‘reuse’
- › Structure
 - Note on explicit, strict, loose, constrained
- › Assignment of multiple VIDs for protection

Statistics



CATEGORY	All respondents	
	TOTAL	%
Yes	5	17.2
No	7	24.1
Voting Yes or No	12	41.4
Abs. Time	8	27.6
Abs. Expertise	8	27.6
Abs. Other	1	3.4
Respondents	29	100
Voters	N/A	N/A
Liaisons responding	0	
No. of commenters	10	34.5
No. of comments	110	
TR	45	
ER	1	

For joint session



- › Subclause 45.4 Distribution of control parameters for time synchronization
 - [83]: remove
 - [5]: decide
- › PCE computing Explicit Schedule Database [61]
- › Remove sub-TLVs from 45.2 Reservation [75]
- › Conformance
 - ISIS-SPB sub-TLVs vs. SPBM-SPBV ‘suite’ [62]
 - Separating conformance requirement for distinct features [13]
 - Add a note on conformance implications to 45.1.2 [24]
- › PCE dynamic path updates vs. LSDB integrity [79]

For joint session – cont'd



- › Link attributes and constraints
 - Current link delay is not satisfactory [64, 65, 1]
 - › Link delay vs bridge delay?
 - Define distinct sub-TLVs for the different type of constraints? [31]
 - Constraints TBD by Qcc [2]

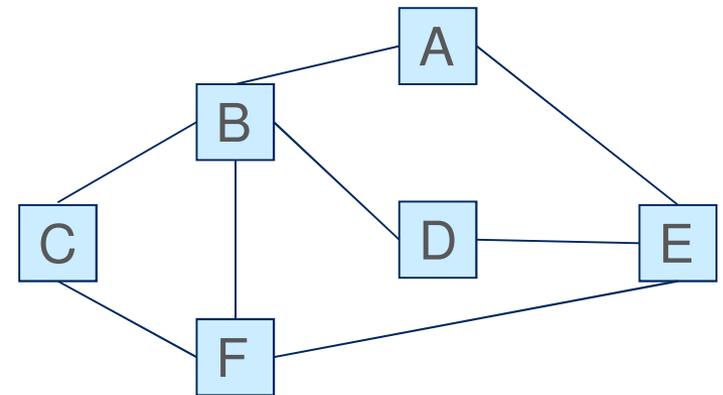
Ho to describe a tree?



- › What is a tree?
 - In essence, a 1-connected topology (graph), hence loop-free
- › How to describe a topology comprised of point-to-point links?

- e.g. by nodal ID pairs (e.g. in subclause 28.4 for the Topology Digest)

- › B-A, B-D, C-B, D-E, F-C, E-F gives:

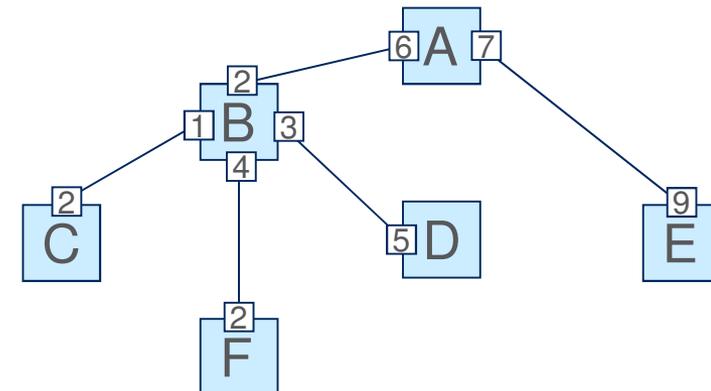


- A topology, e.g. a tree can also be described by nodal ID + port ID

- › C-2, F-2, D-5, B-2, A-7 gives:

- › Order/sequence does not matter!

- › No need to specify branching!



More on trees



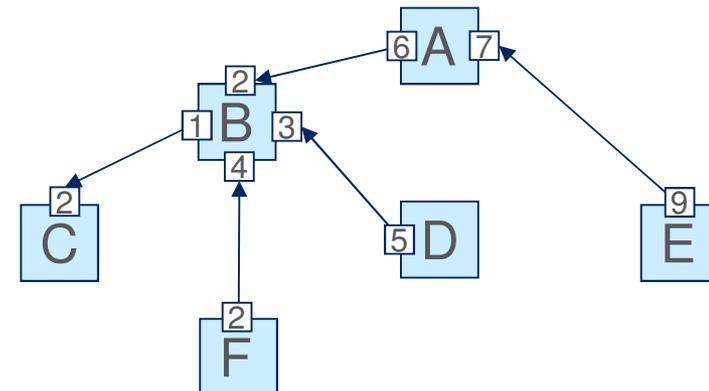
> Congruent use

- Having the tree computed there is no need to dedicate Root for the Active Topology
- Root and Leaf, i.e. Transmit/Receive (see T/R flags), are only important for the ‘connectivity’ on top: VLAN or I-SID

> Directed tree

- Requires the specification of the Root and the Direction (to or from the Root)
- For example, a destination rooted tree:

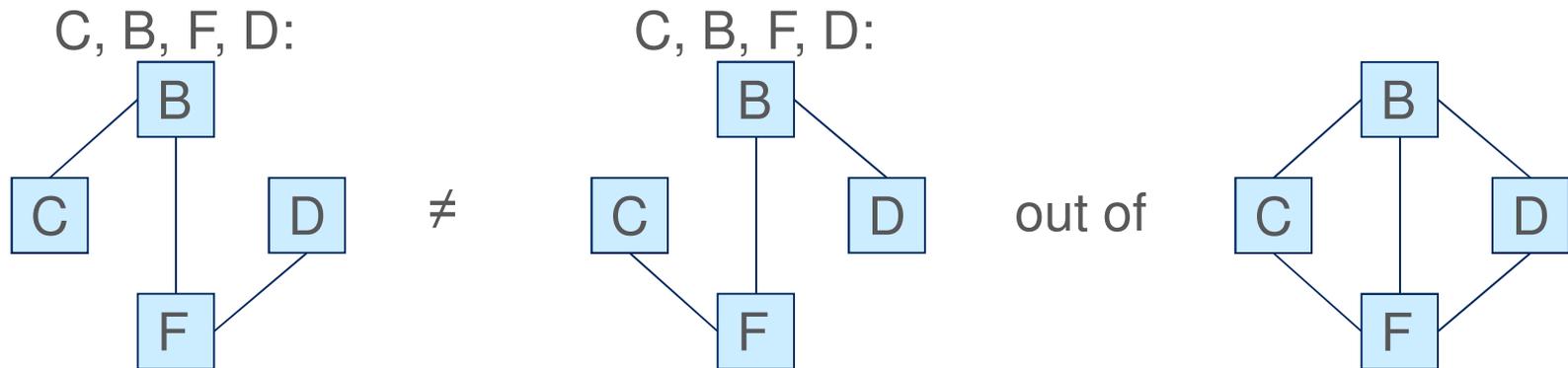
- > C-2, F-2, D-5, B-2, A-7
- > Root = C
- > Direction = to



Paths and trees



- › A point-to-point path is in fact a very simple tree
- › Therefore, a list of nodal ID + port ID specifies a path
- › However, sequence is important if only nodal IDs are used in the list and port IDs are not:



- › How to describe explicit paths/trees then?
- › Should we use the same System ID + Port ID based sub-TLV for both paths and trees?
- › Should we go for directed trees?

Congruent vs non-congruent paths/trees?



- › Congruent paths and trees were kept in mind up to 802.1Qca/D0.3
 - Congruency was the model applied in 802.1Q before
 - Congruency provides desirable features
- › Why could we consider non-congruency
 - Some multi-copy protection schemes may leverage/require non-congruent paths/trees, see e.g.
 - › http://www.ieee802.org/802_tutorials/2013-07/WR_Tutorial_IEEE.pdf, pages 81-83
- › Do we want to allow/support non-congruent paths/trees?
- › See related ballot comments on next slide

Comments on paths and trees



> Trees and paths

- congruent (=co-routed bi-directional) vs. uni-directional [27, 35]
- tree vs path [110]
- sequence [36, 29]

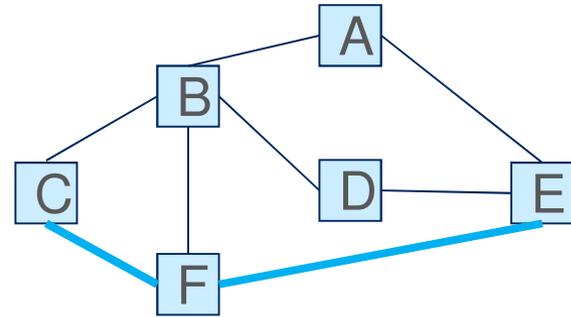
> Reuse of VIDs

- [96]: "each VLAN is allocated to one and only one explicit path"
- [109]: "Is the intent to have one path per Base VID? It seems like that wouldn't scale sufficiently."
- [26]: "there need to be guidelines constructed explaining when a VID can be reused"
- Guidelines to be given for VID reuse! Responsibility is of the PCE!

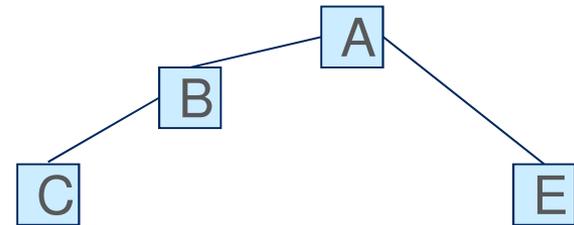
Explicit, strict, loose, constrained



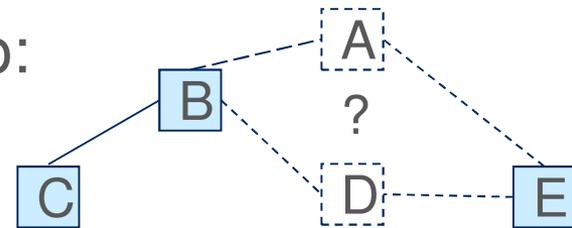
- › Shortest (default) path: C, F, E



- › A fully given explicit path, i.e. strict hops only: C, B, A, D



- › Explicit path, where E is a loose hop: C, B, E



- › Explicit path with loose hop only, also having a constraint →
Constrained Path: $C, E, constraint$

– Constrained routing = SPF on topology pruned by constraint

For joint session – cont'd



- › Use case of loose hops? [3]
- › Explicit/constrained Path ID [76]
- › LFA [76]
- › Structure
 - [99]: Too much clause nesting; Could separate explicit and constrained paths at the 45.n level (explicit ⇔ constrained)

For TSN session



- › [58] SRP Domain (vs. SPT Domain)
- › -TR: 94

For IWK session



- › Preferred to have during joint session
 - Assigning multiple VIDs for protection [47, 48, 44, 80]
 - › Use of SPB Instance sub-TLV, i.e. backup VIDs in the SPVID field vs. new sub-TLV
 - # common links as outcome of computation [4]
 - Cautious restoration, “stable” [106]

- › Parsing EP sub-TLV? [28, 70]
- › Reservation conflicts [41] (proposed to accept the removal)

- › -TR: 19